Proviso.Representations as to

the effective date of this Act: Provided, however, That the proviminimum wages; scope. sions requiring the inclusion of representations with respect to minimum wages shall apply only to purchases or contracts relating to such industries as have been the subject matter of a determination by the Secretary of Labor.

Approved, June 30, 1936.

[CHAPTER 882.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1936. [S. 1567.] [Public, No. 847.]

To amend section 5 of the Act of March 2, 1919, generally known as the "War Minerals Relief Act.

Claimants under, not deprived of benefits for failure to sue, etc. Vol. 40, p. 1274; Vol. 45, p. 1166.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the War Minerals Relief United States of America in Congress assembled, That no claimant who filed a claim in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act entitled, "An Act to provide relief in cases of contracts connected with prosecution of the war, and for other purposes", approved March 2, 1919, shall be deprived of any of the benefits of said Act as amended by the Act of February 13, 1929, by reason of failure to file suit under said amendment in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, or through abatement of any suit so filed. Upon petition to the Secretary of the Interior in such abated suits

Review by Secretary of Interior upon mat-ters of fact and newly presented evidence.

and in claims wherein no suits were filed under the said amendment, the Secretary is hereby authorized and directed to review all such claims upon matters of fact and any newly presented evidence or facts not before his predecessors and, except where in conflict with the provisions of this Act, in the light of decisions of the courts in similar cases; and, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, as amended, to make awards or additional awards in said claims as

Awards.

he may determine to be just and equitable.

Descent of deceased claimant's rights legal representative.

Descent of rights of corporations ceasing to

exist after filing claim.

Sec. 2. The rights of any deceased claimant under section 5 of said Act shall be held and considered to descend to the legal representatives as personal property of such deceased claimant. any corporation which filed a claim under section 5 of the Act of March 2, 1919, but which ceased to exist at any time after filing such claim, shall be held and considered to descend

(1) to the persons who at the time such corporation ceased to exist were entitled under the laws of the State of incorporation to share in the assets of such corporation upon the dissolution thereof, or if any such person be dead, or dies after the enactment of this Act but before he receives the benefits of this Act, to his legal representative as personal property; and

(2) to any officer, director, or stockholder of such corporation at the time it ceased to exist as trustee for the persons or legal representatives referred to in clause (1); and such persons or their legal representatives and such officers, directors, and stockholders shall be

entitled to the benefits of this Act.

Time limitation.

SEC. 3. This Act shall not authorize payment to be made of any claim not presented to the Secretary of the Interior within six months after its approval.

Approved, June 30, 1936.